



The  
Word Order in  
Western Asia  
Corpus

*metadata for the data set*

## Semitic — NE Neo-Aramaic (Christian, Urmi)

13 July 2024  
(doc v1.0)

### *Overview of the data set*

<b>data set</b>	semi_nena_christian+urmi
<b>contributors</b>	Paul Noorlander
<b>published</b>	13 July 2024
<b>texts</b>	2
<b>tokens</b>	724 analyzed (865 total)
<b>notes</b>	XLS/TSV contain entire source text

### *Metadata for individual texts*

#### **Text A**

<b>source</b>	Khan (2016: 20–27, text A02) (WAV ✓ PDF ✓)
<b>location</b>	Hesar-e Babaganjeh, Urmia region, Iran (37.7120° N, 45.0640° E)
<b>recorded</b>	c. 2010
<b>text type</b>	traditional narrative
<b>speaker</b>	01 — female, age unknown
<b>tokens</b>	204 analyzed (298 total)

#### **Text B**

<b>source</b>	Khan (2016: 128–143, text A39) (WAV ✓ PDF ✓)
<b>location</b>	Mushawa, Urmia region, Iran (37.7324° N, 45.1974° E)
<b>recorded</b>	c. 2010
<b>text type</b>	traditional narrative
<b>speaker</b>	02 — male, age unknown
<b>tokens</b>	520 analyzed (567 total)

### *Background to the data set*

The texts in this data set were collected during fieldwork conducted by Geoffrey Khan between 2005 and 2015 in Sydney (Australia) and Fresno (California, USA) among speakers born in the Urmia region of Iran. The texts comprise folktales published by Khan (2016).

### *References*

Khan, Geoffrey. 2016. *The Neo-Aramaic dialect of the Assyrians of Urmia*. Vol. IV: Texts. Leiden: Brill.

[multicast.aspra.uni-bamberg.de/resources/wowa/](http://multicast.aspra.uni-bamberg.de/resources/wowa/)