



The
Word Order in
Western Asia
Corpus

metadata for the data set

Semitic — NE Neo-Aramaic (Christian, Urmi)

03 November 2024
(doc v1.1)

Overview of the data set

data set	semi_nena_christian+urmi
contributors	Paul Noorlander
published	13 July 2024
texts	2
tokens	724 analyzed (865 total)
notes	XLS/TSV contain entire source text

Metadata for individual texts

Text A

source	Khan (2016: 20–27, text A02) (WAV ✗ PDF ✓)
location	Hesar-e Babaganjeh, Urmia region, Iran (37.7120° N, 45.0640° E)
recorded	c. 2010
text type	traditional narrative
speaker	01 — female, age unknown
tokens	204 analyzed (298 total)

Text B

source	Khan (2016: 128–143, text A39) (WAV ✗ PDF ✓)
location	Mushawa, Urmia region, Iran (37.7324° N, 45.1974° E)
recorded	c. 2010
text type	traditional narrative
speaker	02 — male, age unknown
tokens	520 analyzed (567 total)

Background to the data set

The texts in this data set were collected during fieldwork conducted by Geoffrey Khan between 2005 and 2015 in Sydney (Australia) and Fresno (California, USA) among speakers born in the Urmia region of Iran. The texts comprise folktales published by Khan (2016).

References

Khan, Geoffrey. 2016. *The Neo-Aramaic dialect of the Assyrians of Urmia*. Vol. IV: Texts. Leiden: Brill.

multicast.aspra.uni-bamberg.de/resources/wowa/