INFORMANT C (NEGAR PAZ)

Reminiscences

(1) ga-'Irấn na-raḥàt-yeli. pqartì măráwa. ga-'Irấn na-raḥàt-yeli. tămấm-e duktáre kúle zilan là kéwalu mă^calijí hòliwa. Báhram gyấn mìre dày gyấn sé bagá ʾIsràyəl. Faršíd dokà-y. Dànəš doká-y. lablílax l-dokà. báška ʾəlhà-y mă^calíja xărát. (2) 'ána hìyan. Bahrám ga-'Irān-yele. Bahrám là-hyewa. hiyàna, ləblánanu bimaristán-e Hădăsà. lablánanef, Dànas axoní. gadokà xà-xmata dyálu ga-'ăsábe bar-reší-u 'aná dméli máe drèlu réša nurá trisan-ò. (3) 'anà fawrì bəqătef-ò telefòn wili baqá Bàhram gyấn. mìri Bàhram xắran sagòx bsiman-ò 'arằm xirán. kmớr dày-gyān 'əgrà 'əflu 'anà ' ga-lăxá tăxăşiiş lá găréna. ' 'ana kéna bága 'Isràyəl. ' 'ăzizakam ' 'aná 'èa šmíli mən-Bahrám-u bár xá čəkmà-i tré təlhà yarxé lăxà-yeli-u aná mìri daxóm măhangìli. xor-'Isráyəl 'ăxá là-yela 'ó-waxtăra. tlái-u təlhà-səne gắme d-éayele. | 'aná 'ăgár Bahrám hé lăxá tăxăşúş qărè, | xét là-ke-o báqa 'Isráyəl. | 'aná-č gbé hezán-o lága belá-u yalì. (4) qìman zìlăn-o. míre dàyka 'ána gbèna tăxășuși qărènaf bár-d-o ken-ò. sé ròla 'alhá hăwé manox. Bahrám qim zil. zìl-u bár xa-mŭdàt xa-tré təlhà-səne zíl gáef xéli Bahrám gyàn telefón wíle baqì yáni ta-Sográt broni míre 'anà baxtà gəwrí. Sográt zàng díle bagí míre dàyka Bahrám baxtà gəwrá-y. Twká d-óa xoš-hàl xărán, 'ili wíli băxoè. bəxyàn, bəxyàn. kmər yatılımta mà baxyat? miri taza Bahram ana b-eni la-xắef. zəndəgi dàx-ye! dàx čér! hìč rába na-raḥàt xiran-u xéli Báhram gyần mire dày gyấn là-zdu, 'aná 'arbá yarxé xèt' 'aná kèn-o lágax. híye məntắke baxtèf bəxle réša dilu.

INFORMANT C (NEGAR PAZ)

Reminiscences

(1) In Iran I was not well. My neck ached. In Iran I was not well. I went to all the doctors. They could not cure me. My dear Bahram said 'Mother dear, go to Israel. Farshid is there. Danəš is there. They will take you there. Perhaps it is (the will of) God that you will be cured.' (2) I came. Bahram was in Iran. Bahram had not yet come. I came. They took me to Hadasa hospital. My brother took me, Danəš my brother. There they injected a needle in the nerves behind my neck. I thought that they put water on the fire and I was cured. (3) Immediately in the morning I telephoned my dear Bahram. I said 'Bahram, my dear,⁷³ I have been cured, I have been relieved (of my pain).' He says 'Mother dear, you should know this, that I shall not study a specialism here. I shall come to Israel.' My dear, I heard this from Bahram, then after a little longer—I was here two or three months—I said 'Even if they strangle me (I shall not stay).' Israel was then not like this (as it is now). It was thirty-three years ago. 'If Bahram comes here to study a specialism, he will not come back to Israel afterwards.⁷⁴ But I must go back to my family and children.' (4) I went back. He (Bahram) said 'Mother. I want to study my specialism, then I shall come back.' 'Go, my dear. May God be with you.' Bahram went away. He went and after a period of two or three years had passed, it happened⁷⁵ that dear Bahram telephoned me, that is Sograt my son, and said 'I have married.' Sograt rang me and said 'Mother, Bahram has married.' Instead of being happy, I began to cry. I cried and cried. He says 'Poor woman,⁷⁶ why are you crying?' I said 'I shall not see Bahram with my own eyes again soon.' How life (is hard)! How it turns out to be! Well,77 I was very sick and then dear Bahram said 'Mother, do not fear, I shall come back to you in another four months.'

⁷³ Literally: May I become your cleansing (of sins).

⁷⁴ I.e. he will return to live in Iran.

⁷⁵ Literally: I saw.

⁷⁶ Literally: orphan girl.

⁷⁷ Literally: nothing.

(5) 'áy 'olamà, 'azìzakam, ràba zorté-ya. ' 'əlhá 'asxá wìle 'čárx mčìre. məntáke d-èa bóxle gímex híyex bagá lăxà. híyex bagá diyaní yalăkè. Báhram míre dày-gyān, hàlax! 'ay belà' ay 'ărá bayèr-yela' xa-tíka 'ărá ga-dóka ga-Denyà-yela šaglèxila. '' 'ay 'arà xá-tikaf 'axtù ntúmu xá-tikaf 'àxni. (6) fkàr wili-ó. míri là fayà-lite aná hawsălá-e ára tărosè líti-u anà gezan-ò yalí ga-Kursàn-yen-ul ʾanàl šoqú ba-tʷkà-ul hiyán ga-lăxá yătàn?!l míre dày-gyān, mà gbát? mìri hezéx xa-béla šqùli, har-o-kăràt. hìyex, tăbăqá-e garé zìlex. əqrá ləbí 'ăxà-yele, ga-penhàws-yele. míre 'èa šqúle. míri là' gáwme 'ána máre năwagê-yan-u năwagí hén-u hezí ga-garê-u 'əlhá la holanè laplì. băšár xet-'ăxà-y. là šwáqli. (7) híyex lăxà. 'ay-bèla xélan. míre dáy-gyān 'èa gbắte? míri 'ì Báhram gyấn, ' sqùle. ' wắle 'ána 'ătá là-kyăna. ' 'aná gezan-ó báqa 'Irần. ' ' òwaxtăra gáwe gúye Xomeni pílwa-u là pílwa, heštán ma lúm là-yele. gíman məntáke d-èa bóxle zilex-ò. 'azìzakam zílex-o baqá Kursān. 'ày ləbi čúnke Báhram lăxà-yele tăxăsús qărèwa xéli hóš-u xyalí lága d-èele. məntáke d-áy bóxle zilex-ò. | (8) béla tròṣwalan. | Hvilà Hhítwalan. | ba-'əlhá xà zəndəgi hítwalan ga-ʾIrar. ba-ʾəlhà xa-ʾəstáxr ga-ḥafšàn-yela. tré karmalè-yelu. ḥáli hár danù hamrắna čəkmà[|] 'əlhá-hiwula gáu. [|] šóa tmánya 'otagè-hitwalan. [|] qímex zəbnìlan belăké. Þéa Þorxéf dəwqàle míre hàlax šogéx bá-t ka-u hezèxin. Þáli ba-harzàn ba-ʾəlhà| ba-nurà, ba-nurà| mətílan belăkè. ba-ʾəštà-me ʾəštá-me ʾalpè| zəbnán. | míri ba-Tún jăhănàm. ba-'əlhà malkàn, dărayàn, 'əlha-hiwulàn, malàn, 'ilanè, hàr-či hítwalan míri jăhănám hezèx.

(5) This world, my dear, is very small. God worked (our fate) in such a way and turned the wheel. I came here together with him. 78 We came to see the children. Bahram said 'Mother dear, come! This house, this land, which was waste ground, a plot of land that was there in Denya⁷⁹—let's buy it. This land—you take a piece of it and we a piece.' (6) I thought about it. I said 'No. There is no point. I do not have the patience to build on the land. I shall go back. My children are in Kurdistan. Should I leave them there and come to live here?!' He said 'Mother dear, what do you want?' I said 'Let's go and you buy me a house, only then (will I come).' We came and went to the floor (under) the roof. My heart was so (shaken) like this, it was in the 'penthouse.' He said 'Buy this.' I said 'No. In the future 80 I shall have grandchildren. My grandchildren would come and go onto the roof and, God forfend, fall off.' Well, it is only human (to think like that).81 I did not allow it. (7) We came here. We saw this house. He said 'Mother dear, do you want this one?' I said 'Yes, dear Bahram, buy it, but I shall not come now. I shall go back to Iran.' At that time the twittering of Khomeini, whether it had started or not, was still not widely known about. I set off with him (my husband) and we went back together. My dear, we went back to Kurdistan. As for my heart, since Bahram was here to study a specialism, all my thoughts were indeed with him. I went back together with him (my husband). (8) We had built a house. We had a villa. Indeed, we had a (good) life in Iran. Indeed, there was a pool in our courtyard. There were two orchards. (You should) understand, in each of them, let me say, there was so much divinely given produce. We had seven or eight rooms. (Despite this) we sold all the properties. He (my husband) set off and said 'Come, let us leave (it all) in its place and go.' You understand, (we sold) cheaply, indeed, we put the properties in the fire (so cheaply did we sell them). We sold for six hundred, for six hundred thousand. I said '(Let it be turned) into Tun, 82 to hell (with it).' Indeed, our property, our possessions, our divinely given produce, our village, trees, everything we had—I said 'To hell (with it)' let us go.

⁷⁸ The speaker points to her husband.

⁷⁹ A district of Haifa.

⁸⁰ Literally: tomorrow.

⁸¹ Literally: A human is like that.

⁸² A city that was totally destroyed.

(9) 'éa ... xá-lele zíl be-bratì. ga-televizyón m'înwale xá-năfar mən-d-áy ²a'yanè malèk-yele qtèlwalu. hiye-ò kmér Negàr ²ána là yătúna. ²ána didì-č gaţlí. | fawrì | bògăta | hăwapaymà, | xətní hăwapaymá dwògle bagéf-u | 'ay hiye-ó bagá lága Taymùr, bagá Fărầnsa, zăminì xor-hăwaì lìtwa. (10) gím híye lăxà. ba-šón-e d-ày-əč 'ána hìyan' hìyan' wàle tămấm-e hòš-u fəkrì, 'ătá 'al'ấn haqyàn, lága yalì-yele. ga-'Irấn šəwqìwali-u xa-məqdáru ga-'Isràyəl-yelu. 'íla wíli băxòe nóša gătòle. har-dàx-yele xét? bárux ha-šèm 'áy-bela hìtwalan, belăké hìtwalan. bəxyàn. 'ay 'asasiyà-u' 'èxa-u' kule mèlan kule twìr kule pərtìx, kúle mən-báyn zìl. (11) míri kèt má holéx. măšín-e raxt-šurí mèwalan, ²ó-č twìra, vaxčalàn, kúle twìri, ga-²orxá kúle mən-báyn zìli, mìri jăhanàm hàlox 'ay jəlan čalkən-yen. mandyananu ga-wanake. xor-'axnı là-kelan xăléxilu. kmớr mà honá? míri 'āt ba-'aglè sé réša 'áy jəlè. ba-'aglé 'áy jəlé 'ùčlu' 'účlu 'e-jəlăkè' 'aná-č 'asrằnanu.' 'əlhà wilá-y.' 'aná bəxyàn.' 'áy bxè-u' ²ána bəxyàn. míri két má hùl. hálox se-ò. (12) hezan-ò? ⁽¹⁾ colấm ²axớr xărà daxóm ga-'Irần. | 'aná ga-'Irấn là gezan-ó. | 'anà talxí gròšli | ga-'Irần. | zăḥamtà grášli. ba-siwè nurá koléxwa-u ba-tənà, bad-baxtì, be-čarăgì. gáz lìtwalan. ga-'axàr xirá-y máre gáz-u yaxčàl. xor-híči lìtwalan, hìči. kulfát lìtwalan. nokár lìtwalan. wắle bága didì wŭjud-dídi xa-šahì lá šăwé. míri àt gezét se-ó, àna là gezán. (13) xolàșa ba-'ănazé kafi zăḥamtà-u bad-baxtì gréšlan, wále barúx ha-šèm, barúx ha-šèm 'atà 'anà xà sa át-e Yəsráyəl lá ... ba-xam i 'Irấn lá kwán. ÞOtríš ziltè-yan. Þarbà-kărat zilté-yan Fărầnsa. Þostà-kărat zilté-yan 'əlhá ya-rábi škùr[|] 'ána hiyan-ó bága Yəsràyəl. [|] Yəsráyəl behtarín zəndəgi ya-mìri bagóx. Pagrà Paxní saxtì-u bad-baxtì-u be-čarăgì-u grášlan ga-dóka háli xărèt.

(9) One night he (my husband) went to my daughter's house. He watched the television (and he saw that) one of the dignitaries who was a landlord had been killed. He came back and said 'Negar, I shall not stay. They will kill also me.' Immediately in the morning my son-in-law booked an airplane for him (my husband) and he went to Taymur, 83 to France—by land, there was no (possibility of travelling) by air. (10) He then came here. I came following him. I came but all my thoughts, now I am telling it, were with my children. I had left them in Iran, some were in Israel. I began to cry and to beat myself. How else could it be? Thank God, we had this house. We had the house. This furniture and so forth, we brought it all but it all broke, everything shattered, everything was destroyed. (11) I said 'Do you know what we shall do.' We had brought a washing-machine but it also was broken, also our refrigerator, all were broken. They were destroyed on the road. I said 'Hell, come, these clothes of ours are dirty. I shall throw them in the bath. Indeed, we cannot wash them.' He says 'What should I do?' I said 'You go onto the clothes with your feet. Trample the clothes with your feet. Trample the clothes and I shall wring them out. God has willed this.'84 I wept. He wept and I wept. I said 'You know what you should do, go back (to Iran).' (12) Should I go back? The world will come to an end, even in Iran. I shall not go back to Iran. I suffered bitter hardship in Iran. I suffered a difficult life. We made fire with wood, with smoke. (We suffered) ill-fortune and desperation. We did not have gas. In the end he (my husband) acquired gas supply and a refrigerator. We had absolutely nothing, nothing. We did not have a maid. We did not have a servant. But as far as I was concerned, my life was not worth a penny (in Iran). I said 'You go back. I shall not go.' (13) In short, we suffered enough⁸⁵ hardship and misfortune, but thank God, thank God, now I would not give one hour of Israel for fifty hours of Iran. I have been to Austria. I have been to France four times. I have been to America six times. God knows. You understand, when I was coming back to Israel, I said 'Oh thanks be to God. I have come back to Israel. The best life is in Israel, as I have said to you. We suffered such difficulty, misfortune and desperation there (in Iran), you understand.

⁸³ A member of the family living in France.

⁸⁴ Literally: God has done (this).

⁸⁵ Literally: in a sufficient measure.

(14) yá răbí škùr ba-ʾəlhá zəndəgiyán raḥàt-ye. yalí kắle ḥàšta kolí. kắle zəndəgí ʿayzà-hitu. ʾay-broní ya-kəmrán híye tăxăşúṣ qrèle, mašăḷà, xa-šəmà-hite ga-tămấm-e Xáyfa. ʾəlhà manté, ba-zăxút ʾo-sefare na-raḥătí ta-híč băné ʻolấm là-hăwəl ʾəlhá parḥźz ʾáy Yəsrayəlàn. ʾəlhá šóqla baqàn. bé bălá hawyà. ʾəlhá kắram hól ba-kùle ʾómte ʿolấm. Kdăs-e gùl-u dắs-e nargèz márgetān nà-binam har-géz.

(14) Thanks be to God, indeed our life is comfortable. All my children are working. All have a good life. The son who I said came to study a specialism, by good fortune, is well known⁸⁶ in the whole of Haifa. May God grant (this), by the virtue of the Torah scrolls, may He not give distress to any person. May God protect this Israel of ours. May God preserve it for us. May it be without catastrophe. God grant grace to all the nations of the world. A bunch of flowers, a bunch of narcissus (I offer you), may I not ever see your death.

⁸⁶ Literally: He has a name.